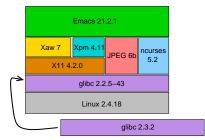


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Upgrade safety



- ▶ Will it still work with this new component?
- ▶ We have a system that vetted this upgrade

Overview

- Technique assesses upgrade safety
 - Unsound tool builds abstractions
 - ► Check property of combined abstractions
- ► Goal: prove checking step sound
- Results to date:
 - ► Formalization of upgrade safety problem
 - Approach for relative soundness proof
 - ▶ Improvements to previous algorithm
 - Proof outline for soundness result

Our approach

Abstractions:

- should be stated in an expressive language
- should describe concrete implementations
- should be created automatically
- need not be sound over arbitrary executions

Comparison of run-time behavior

- Compare run-time behaviors of component
 - Old component, in context of the application's use
 - New component, in context of vendor test suite
- Compatible if the vendor tests all the functionality that the application uses (and gets the right output)

Operational abstraction

- Abstraction of run-time behavior
- Set of program properties mathematical statements about module behavior
- For $\chi++$:

► Precondition: x is an integer

▶ Postcondition: x' = x + 1

Depends on how the module is used

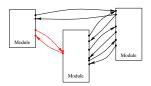
Operational abstraction

- Abstraction of run-time behavior
- Set of program properties mathematical statements about module behavior
- For x++, used on even values:
 - ► Precondition: x is **even**
 - ▶ Postcondition: x' = x + 1, x' is odd
- Depends on how the module is used

Operational abstraction

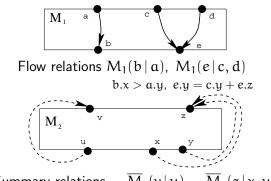
- ► Abstraction of run-time behavior
- Set of program properties mathematical statements about module behavior
- For x++, used on even values:
 - ► Precondition: x is **even**
 - ▶ Postcondition: x' = x + 1, x' is odd
- Depends on how the module is used
- Obtained using the Daikon tool

Modules: inputs and outputs



- Consider just the behavior of modules at their boundaries
- ► The outputs of one module are connected to the inputs of another via procedure calls and returns
- Connections just represent identity

Flow and summary relations



Summary relations $\overline{M}_2(v | u)$, $\overline{M}_2(z | x, y)$ v.ret = u.arg + 3, $x.i \neq z.j \cdot y.j$

Formalizing the upgrade condition

- Combined flow relations must imply summaries
- ▶ Do we have the right combination?
- ► Snag: what formal property to aim for?
- Describe idealized version that should be sound
 - ▶ Postulate existence of sound abstractions
- ► Final result is relative soundness, up to abstractions

Abstraction and formalization

Concrete program



Operational abstraction

Abstraction and formalization

Concrete program \Rightarrow Formal program (in a simple language)



Operational Idealized abstraction \Rightarrow abstraction (sound)

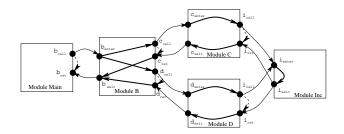
A formal imperative language

► Consider a simple language:

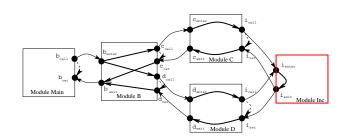
$$\begin{array}{c} C ::= C \ ; \ C \ | \ \mathsf{skip} \ | \ \mathsf{assert}(P) \ | \ \nu := E \\ | \ \mathsf{if} \ P \ \mathsf{then} \ C \ \mathsf{else} \ C | \nu := M.f(\nu_1, \dots, \nu_k) \end{array}$$

- ► Procedures f are grouped in modules M that share some variables
- 'assert' doesn't affect control flow
- Goal: Correct execution without assertion failure

Example of modules

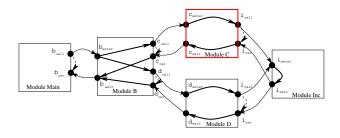


Example of modules



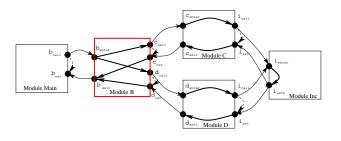
Inc.i(x): r := x + 1

Example of modules



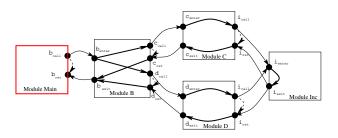
C.c(v): r := Inc.i(v)

Example of modules



B.b(y): r := C.c(2*y) + D.d(2*y + 1)

Example of modules



Main.m(x): r := B.b(x); assert(r > 4*x)

Ideal flow relations

- Idealized flow relations are sound over a module's code
- Valid properties for any possible module inputs
- ► Some represent pure data flow
- Others also model control flow, with a 'guarding condition'

Reality vs. formalism

- Real operational abstractions are correct only with respect to observed inputs
 - 'if x = 271828 then y := 2 else y := 1' might produce 'y = 1'
- Idealized abstractions come are sound with respect to any input
 - ▶ Could be ' $y = 1 \lor y = 2$ '

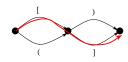
Ideal summary relations

- Idealized summary relations guarantee no assertion failures
- If they hold over module inputs, assertions in the module will succeed
- Capture the well-tested subset of behavior
- Includes program input-output relation as a special case

Consistency condition

- If holds, combined system satisfies expectations
- $(\bigwedge_i \phi_i) \Rightarrow \sigma$
 - Flow relations φ_i
 - Summary relation σ
- To construct:
 - ► Find relevant flow relations
 - Transform relations for sound combination
 - Conjoin

Context-free language reachability



- ▶ Graph with edges labelled by symbols
- Context-free language over the symbols
- Is there a path from u to v whose labels are a word of the language?
- Determine by dynamic programming

Selecting relevant flow relations

- Label calls and returns with parenthesis kinds
- Exclude paths with mismatched returns
- Data-flow edges can reset the 'stack'
 - ▶ Gadget allows arbitrary returns then calls
- Take anything on a CFL path

Soundness transformations

- ▶ Goal: consistent variable references, so conjunction $(\bigwedge_i \varphi_i)$ is sensible
- Guard conditional flows
- Duplicate procedures by calling context
- Mix data flow between replicas

Guarding conditional control flow

- Suppose u is only sometimes followed by v
- From ν , looks like $\psi(\mathfrak{u}, \nu)$
- Rewrite as γ(u) ⇒ ψ(u, v) where γ holds only on those instances of u followed by v.

Duplication by calling context

- If Inc. i_{exit} is procedure exit and $C.i_{ret}$ is return in caller, Inc. $i_{exit}.r = C.i_{ret}.x$
- ightharpoonup Similarly Inc. $i_{exit}.r = D.i_{ret}.x$ for second call site
- ▶ Uh-oh, but $C.i_{ret}.x \neq D.i_{ret}.x$ in general
- Avoid problem if every call is distinct

Mixing data flow

- ► After duplicating, what about pure data flow (e.g. from shared state)?
- Conservatively allow flow between any replicas
- Every input gets at least one output, but not vice-versa

Soundness proof outline

- \blacktriangleright Suppose $(\bigwedge_i \varphi_i) \Rightarrow \sigma$
- \blacktriangleright Each $\varphi_{\mathfrak{i}}$ is sound by assumption
- Conjunction is legitimate, by transformations
- ▶ LHS is true, so RHS (σ) must be true
- Summary relation truth implies safety

Contributions

- Model and algorithm correct bugs in previous versions
- ▶ Formalization for soundness checking
- Complete proof for single component case (see paper)
- ▶ Proof outline for general case

Future work

- ► Avoid need for duplication
 - ► Sound treatment of repeated calls
- ► Complete detailed soundness proof
- ► Add more language features
 - ▶ Loops, recursion, higher-order procedures

Questions?	